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AMERICAN UNIVERSITY OF BEIRUT

THE PHENOMENON OF TEXTUAL AND CONNOTATIONAL TRANSFORMATION IN IBN ARABI'S TURJUMAN AL-ASHWAQ

by WASSIM ADNAN ATTAR

A thesis submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Master of Arts to the Department of Arabic and Near Eastern Languages of the faculty of Arts and Sciences at the American University of Beirut

> Beirut, Lebanon June 2004

مستخلص لأطروحة

لماجستير في الأدا<u>ب</u> الاختصاص: اللغة العربية و أدابها

وسيم عدنان العطار

العنوان: ظاهرة التحول في النص والدلالة في ترجمان الأشواق لابن عربي

AN ABSTRACT OF THE THESIS OF

Master of Arts for Wassim Adnan Attar

Major: Arabic Language and literature

<u>The Phenomenon of Textual and Connotative Transformation in Ibn Arabi's</u> Title: *Turjuman al- Aswaq*

Ibn Arabi's love poems, *Tarjuman al-ashwaq*, went through two phases. First, he composed a series of Arabic love poems in honor of Nizam, a Persian girl with whom he fell in love. This stage – the human love affair – constitutes the formative phase of the work. Later, Ibn Arabi composed an esoteric commentary on his earlier love poems called al-Dhakha'ir wa al-a'laq. In this commentary, Ibn Arabi transforms his earlier statements of mortal love into expressions of human love for God. This transformation of earthly love poetry into prose dealing with abstract and spiritual themes was the first of its kind.

The proposed thesis begins by introducing the position that *Turjuman al-Ashwaq* occupies among the literary and mystical works of Ibn Arabi. This part deals with the love poetry of Ibn Arabi from stylistic and thematic perspectives. Following this, a survey of the details of the book under consideration is presented in order to illustrate its Arabian urban and nomadic poetic characteristics. This includes issues like the *atlal*, female Bedouin beauty, travel in the desert, dialogue...etc. This part present a study of the structure of the poems in regard to traditional and novel love poetry in the times of Ibn Arabi when Arabic literature was going through its early stages of decline, stylistically and thematically. Standard modes in the poems of *Turjuman al-Ashwaq* are also another issue that the thesis tries to present with the objective of illustrating the "terminological" and "dogmatic" nature of Ibn Arabi's poetry that unfolds itself in the consequent commentary *Al-Dhakha'ir wal-A'laq*.

This thesis will explain the mechanisms Ibn Arabi employed to achieve this transformation. This transformation is accompanied by another one when the "Nizam", the human & earthly figure, is transformed into a symbol that has cosmological status in Ibn Arabi's system.

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